

Fig. VII. *Cephalotes atratus* L.

Längsschnitt durch ein Baumnest.

Fig. VIII. *Cephalotes atratus* L.

1. Kopf der Altlarve von vorn. 2. Oncochaeten-Reihe vom Rücken einer Altlarve. 3. Einzelne Oncochaete stärker vergrößert.  
(1 und 2 bei gleicher Vergrößerung, Maßstab links unten).

Fig. IX. *Cryptocerus pusillus* Klug.

Längs- (1. u. 2.) und Querschnitt (3.) durch Zweignester.

Fig. X. *Trachymyrmex attaxenus* Menozzi.

1. ♀ lateral. 2. u. 3. Kopf von ♀ (2.) und ♀ (3.).

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## A new species of *Epitrix* (Halticinae) injurious to tobacco in Brazil.

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*Epitrix nicotianae*, sp. n.

Ovate, black nitid, clothed with long but not dense pubescence; prothorax finely punctured, at the base a deep transverse sulcus; elytra punctate-striate; antennae and legs rufous, the hind femora fuscous or rufous. L. 1.5 mm.

Head black, glabrous, the front rufous clothed with very fine pubescence. Antennae testaceous, the apical joints slightly tinged with fuscous, extending to the middle of the elytra, the two basal joints more swollen than the remainder.

Prothorax black, nitid, finely but not closely punctured, a deep transverse sulcus at the base, with the punctures contained in it somewhat stronger, the sides almost straight, the anterior angles oblique, but prominent. Scutellum black, impunctate. Elytra black, nitid, strongly punctate-striate, clothed with long but not dense fine pubescence. Legs rufous with the hind femora rufous or fuscous. Underside with the pro- and mesosterna tinged with rufous, the abdomen black, clothed with fine but short pubescence, finely punctured, the ventral segments 2—4 about equal.

♂ with the first segment of the front tarsi more dilated.

Brazil: Sao Paulo. 6 specimens feeding on tobacco. Collected by José Pinto da Fonseca. Forwarded by Dr. W. Horn, Berlin-Dahlem. Type in the British Museum, cotypes in the Deutsches Entomologisches Institut, Berlin-Dahlem.

Allied to *E. tantula*, Har., from Colombia, but differs in the blacker colour, slightly narrower build, the more strongly punctured prothorax, and the longer and less dense pubescence on the elytra.

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